organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

3,3,6,6-Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)-1,2,4,5tetrazinane tetrahydrate

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Received 28 October 2009; accepted 29 October 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.001 Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.137; data-to-parameter ratio = 37.1.

In the title compound, $C_6H_{16}N_4O_4\cdot 4H_2O$, the tetrazinane molecule lies across an inversion centre. The tetrazinane ring adopts a chair conformation, and all imino H atoms occupy axial positions. In the crystal, adjacent molecules are linked through $O-H\cdots O$, $O-H\cdots N$ and $N-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds with water molecules generating a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For the synthesis of hexahydro-1,2,4,5-tetrazine derivatives by condensing aldehydes with hydrazine, see: Skorianetz & Kovats (1970). For the synthesis of the 3,6-dimethyl homolog, see: Sun *et al.* (2003); Zhou *et al.* (1999).



b = 7.0317 (2) Å

c = 8.4015 (2) Å

 $\alpha = 71.010 \ (1)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 74.424 \ (1)^{\circ}$

Experimental

Crystal data

$C_6H_{16}N_4O_4\cdot 4H_2O$	
$M_r = 280.29$	
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	
a = 6.3067 (1) Å	

$\gamma = 85.055 \ (1)^{\circ}$
$V = 339.36 (1) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 1
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII diffractometer Absorption correction: none 10198 measured reflections

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$ $wR(F^2) = 0.137$ S = 1.014231 reflections 114 parameters 8 restraints $\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 K $0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.40 \text{ mm}$

4231 independent reflections 3630 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.93 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.63 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 $D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$ D-H $H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$ $D \cdots A$ $D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$ $O1 - H1O \cdots O1W$ 0.85(1)1.87 (1) 2.704 (1) 166 (2) 0.86(1) $O2 - H2O \cdots O2W$ 2.723 (1) 1.87(1)171(2) $N1 - H1N \cdot \cdot \cdot O2^{ii}$ 2.23(1)155 (1) 0.86(1)3.036 (1) $N2 - H2N \cdots O1W^{iii}$ 0.87(1)2.36(1)3.130(1) 148(1) $O1W - H1W1 \cdots O2W^{iv}$ 0.86(1)1.92 (1) 2.782 (1) 172 (2) $O1W - H1W2 \cdot \cdot \cdot N2^{v}$ 0.86(1)2.03(1)2.869 (1) 166(2) $O2W - H2W1 \cdots O1$ 0.84(1)1.92(1)2,759 (1) 175 (2) $O2W - H2W2 \cdot \cdot \cdot N1^{vi}$ 0.84(1)2.02(1)2.853(1)171(2)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1; (ii) -x, -y, -z + 2; (iii) -x + 1, -y, -z + 2; (iv) -x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1; (v) x, y + 1, z; (vi) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2009).

The authors acknowledge support from Chulalongkorn University and the Center of Excellence for Petroleum, Petrochemicals and Advanced Materials of Thailand.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI2961).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o2988 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809045590]

3,3,6,6-Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)-1,2,4,5-tetrazinane tetrahydrate

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Experimental

Dihydroxyacetone (0.90 g, 10 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (0.49 ml, 10 mmol) in ethanol (50 ml) were heated for 12 h. Slow evaporation of the solvent gave colourless crystals in 80% yield. The formulation of the organic molecule was established by ¹H and ¹³C NMR as well as by mass spectroscopies.

Refinement

The amino and water H-atoms were located in a difference Fourier map, and were refined with a distance restraint of N-H = O-H = 0.85 (1) Å; their U_{iso} parameters were freely refined. Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions (C-H = 0.97 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with U_{iso} (H) set to $1.2U_{eq}$ (C). The highest peak and the deepest hole are located 0.73 and 0.58 Å from O1W. Although the displacement parameters of atom O1W are relatively large, no disorder is expected as its H-atoms could be located and refined.

Figures



Fig. 1. Displacement ellipsoid plot (Barbour, 2001) of $C_6H_{16}N_4O_4$ ' $4H_2O$ at the 50% probability level. H atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius. Unlabelled atoms in the tetrazinane derivative are related to labelled atoms by the symmetry operation (1-x, -y, 2-z). Two symmetry related water molecules are not shown.

3,3,6,6-Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)-1,2,4,5-tetrazinane tetrahydrate

Crystal data	
$C_6H_{16}N_4O_4{\cdot}4H_2O$	Z = 1
$M_r = 280.29$	$F_{000} = 152$
Triclinic, PT	$D_{\rm x} = 1.371 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 6.3067 (1) Å	Cell parameters from 6318 reflections
b = 7.0317 (2) Å	$\theta = 3.1 - 40.2^{\circ}$
c = 8.4015 (2) Å	$\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 71.010 \ (1)^{\circ}$	T = 296 K
$\beta = 74.424 \ (1)^{\circ}$	Cube, colourless
$\gamma = 85.055 (1)^{\circ}$	$0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.40 \text{ mm}$
$V = 339.364 (14) \text{ Å}^3$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII diffractometer	3630 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\rm int} = 0.018$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 40.2^{\circ}$
T = 296 K	$\theta_{\min} = 3.1^{\circ}$
φ and ω scans	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
Absorption correction: None	$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
10198 measured reflections	$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$
4231 independent reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.137$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0853P)^2 + 0.0377P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
S = 1.01	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
4231 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.93 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
114 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.63 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
8 restraints	Extinction correction: none
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct	

methods

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

O10.62982 (10)0.32676 (8)0.59353 (6)0.03101 (11)O20.12442 (8)-0.12559 (9)0.85708 (8)0.03186 (11)	1) 1)
O_2 0.12442 (8) -0.12559 (9) 0.85708 (8) 0.03186 (11)	1)
O1W 0.74166 (12) 0.53141 (12) 0.78141 (13) 0.0496 (2)	
O2W 0.81111 (10) 0.46492 (8) 0.23874 (7) 0.03194 (11	1)
N1 0.35398 (7) 0.15628 (7) 0.93656 (6) 0.01863 (8))
N2 0.53643 (7) -0.16882 (6) 0.93673 (6) 0.01882 (8))
C3 0.30946 (11) -0.01190 (10) 0.73791 (8) 0.02651 (11)	1)
H3A 0.2599 0.1154 0.6697 0.032*	
H3B 0.3856 -0.0844 0.6586 0.032*	
C1 0.67667 (9) 0.13379 (9) 0.69956 (7) 0.02297 (10	0)
H1A 0.7819 0.1472 0.7609 0.028*	
H1B 0.7435 0.0517 0.6262 0.028*	
C2 0.46871 (8) 0.02767 (7) 0.83271 (6) 0.01806 (9))
H1O 0.661 (3) 0.409 (2) 0.640 (2) 0.051 (4)*	
H2O 0.140 (3) -0.2396 (16) 0.839 (2) 0.052 (4)*	
H1W1 0.8827 (15) 0.535 (3) 0.765 (2) 0.057 (4)*	

H1W2	0.688 (3)	0.6353 (19) 0	.810 (2)	0.055 (4)*		
H2W1	0.753 (2)	0.430 (2)	0	.3464 (12)	0.053 (4)*		
H2W2	0.754 (3)	0.5766 (18	3) 0	.198 (3)	0.069 (5)*		
H1N	0.2237 (14)	0.1097 (17	') 0.	.9941 (14)	0.026 (2)*		
H2N	0.4192 (16)	-0.2420 (1	6) 0	.9932 (15)	0.027 (2)*		
Atomic displace	ment parameters	$(Å^2)$					
	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}	
01	0.0395 (3)	0.0239 (2)	0.02234 (19	9) -0.00194	(17) -0.00506	(17) 0.00069 (15)	
02	0.02304 (19)	0.0353 (2)	0.0423 (3)	-0.00251	(16) -0.00474	(17) -0.0211(2)	
O1W	0.0348 (3)	0.0488 (4)	0.0794 (6)	0.0026 (3)	-0.0098 ((3) -0.0437 (4)	
O2W	0.0353 (2)	0.0254 (2)	0.0306 (2)	0.00639 (1	7) -0.00462	(18) -0.00747 (17)	
N1	0.01946 (16)	0.01761 (16)	0.01842 (1	6) 0.00258 (1	2) -0.00506	(12) -0.00561 (12)	
N2	0.02248 (17)	0.01557 (15)	0.01876 (1	6) 0.00090 (1	2) -0.00525	(12) -0.00611 (12)	
C3	0.0297 (2)	0.0293 (3)	0.0242 (2)	-0.00180	(19) -0.01135	(18) -0.00917 (19)	
C1	0.0244 (2)	0.0221 (2)	0.01861 (1	8) -0.00032	(16) -0.00180	(15) -0.00427 (15)	
C2	0.02086 (18)	0.01704 (17)	0.01609 (1	6) 0.00065 (1	3) -0.00472	(13) -0.00510 (13)	
	0						
Geometric para	meters (Å, °)						
O1—C1		1.4169 (7)	Ν	1—H1N		0.86 (1)	
01—H10		0.851 (9)	N	$12-N1^{i}$		1.4441 (6)	
O2—C3		1.4198 (9)	N2—C2			1.4724 (6)	
O2—H2O		0.86(1)	N2—H2N			0.87 (1)	
O1W—H1W1		0.86(1)	С	3—C2		1.5305 (8)	
O1W—H1W2		0.86(1)	С	3—НЗА		0.97	
O2W—H2W1		0.84 (1)	С	3—H3B		0.97	
O2W—H2W2		0.84 (1)	C1—C2 1.5382 (7		1.5382 (7)		
N1—N2 ⁱ		1.4441 (6)	С	1—H1A		0.97	
N1—C2		1.4712 (7)	С	1—H1B		0.97	
C1-01-H10		105.1 (11)	С	2—С3—Н3В		109.4	
С3—О2—Н2О		104.1 (11)	Н	ЗА—С3—Н3В		108.0	
H1W1—O1W—H	H1W2	107.6 (16)	O	01—C1—C2		112.12 (5)	
H2W1—O2W—H	H2W2	105.0 (18)	O	01—C1—H1A		109.2	
N2 ⁱ —N1—C2		113.59 (4)	С	2—C1—H1A		109.2	
N2 ⁱ —N1—H1N		106.4 (8)	О	01—C1—H1B		109.2	
C2—N1—H1N		110.2 (8)	С	2—C1—H1B		109.2	
N1 ⁱ —N2—C2		113.72 (4)	Н	11A—C1—H1B		107.9	
N1 ⁱ —N2—H2N		107.4 (8)	N	1—C2—N2		114.01 (4)	
C2—N2—H2N		108.2 (8)	N	1—C2—C3		107.44 (4)	
O2—C3—C2		111.33 (5)	Ν	2—C2—C3		107.54 (4)	
O2—C3—H3A		109.4	N	1—C2—C1		110.36 (4)	
С2—С3—НЗА		109.4	N	2—C2—C1		107.54 (4)	
O2—C3—H3B		109.4	C	3—C2—C1		109.89 (4)	
N2 ⁱ —N1—C2—N	N2	47.54 (6)	O	2—C3—C2—N1		-65.11 (6)	
$N2^{i}$ — $N1$ — $C2$ — $C2$	23	166.60 (4)	O	2—C3—C2—N2		58.02 (6)	

supplementary materials

N2 ⁱ —N1—C2—C1	-73.60 (5)	O2—C3—C2—C1		174.80 (5)
N1 ⁱ —N2—C2—N1	-47.60 (6)	01—C1—C2—N1		-54.32 (6)
N1 ⁱ —N2—C2—C3	-166.60 (4)	01—C1—C2—N2		-179.24 (4)
N1 ⁱ —N2—C2—C1	75.09 (5)	O1—C1—C2—C3		63.98 (6)
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1$, $-y$, $-z+2$.				
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)				
D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
O1—H1O···O1W	0.85 (1) 1.87 (1)	2.704 (1)	166 (2)
O2—H2O···O2W ⁱⁱ	0.86 (1) 1.87 (1)	2.723 (1)	171 (2)
N1—H1N····O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86 (1) 2.23 (1)	3.036 (1)	155 (1)
$N2$ — $H2N$ ···O1 W^{i}	0.87 (1) 2.36 (1)	3.130(1)	148 (1)
O1W—H1W1···O2W ^{iv}	0.86 (1) 1.92 (1)	2.782 (1)	172 (2)
$O1W$ — $H1W2$ ··· $N2^{v}$	0.86 (1) 2.03 (1)	2.869(1)	166 (2)
O2W—H2W1…O1	0.84 (1) 1.92 (1)	2.759 (1)	175 (2)
O2W—H2W2···N1 ^{vi}	0.84 (1) 2.02 (1)	2.853 (1)	171 (2)
Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (-z+1	(iii) $-x, -y, -z+2$; (i) $-z$	x+1, -y, -z+2; (iv) $-x+2, -y$	+1, -z+1; (v) x, y-	+1, z ; (vi) $-x+1$, $-y+1$,

